

# LBA Series

## Low differential pressure sensors

### FEATURES

- Pressure ranges from 25 to 500 Pa (0.1 to 2 inH<sub>2</sub>O)
- Pressure sensor based on thermal micro-flow measurement
- Calibrated and temperature compensated
- Linear 0.5...4.5 V output
- High flow impedance
  - very low flow-through leakage
  - high immunity to dust and humidity
  - no loss in sensitivity using long tubing
- RoHS and REACH compliant
- Quality Management System according to ISO 13485:2003 and ISO 9001:2008

### MEDIA COMPATIBILITY

Air and other non-corrosive gases

### SPECIFICATIONS

#### Maximum ratings

Supply voltage $V_s$	4.75 ... 5.25 $V_{DC}$
Output current	1 mA

#### Lead specifications

Average preheating temperature gradient	2.5 K/s
Soak time	ca. 3 min
Time above 217°C	50 s
Time above 230°C	40 s
Time above 250°C	15 s
Peak temperature	260°C
Cooling temperature gradient	-3.5 K/s

#### Temperature ranges

Compensated	0 ... +70 °C
Operating	-20 ... +80 °C
Storage	-40 ... +80 °C

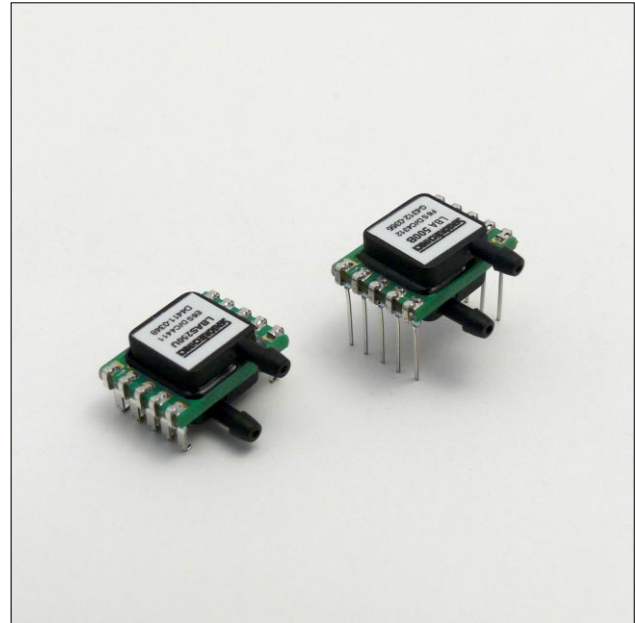
Humidity limits (non-condensing) 97 %RH

Vibration<sup>1</sup> 20 g

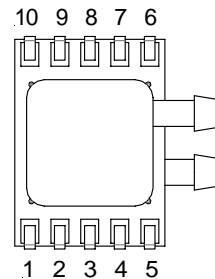
Mechanical shock<sup>2</sup> 500 g

#### Specification notes:

1. Sweep 20 to 2000 Hz, 8 min, 4 cycles per axis, MIL-STD-883, Method 2007.
2. 5 shocks, 3 axes, MIL-STD-883E, Method 2002.4.



### ELECTRICAL CONNECTION



Pin	Connection
1	GND
2	+Vs
3	GND (Main)
4	V <sub>out</sub> (bidirectional devices)
5	V <sub>out</sub> (unidirectional devices)
6, 7, 8, 9, 10	GND

#### Note:

All GND pins 1, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 have to be connected.

At no time should any voltage be applied to pins 1, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10. In case of manual handling ensure that the socket is unpowered during insertion/removal of the LBA sensor.

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### PRESSURE SENSOR CHARACTERISTICS

Part no.	Operating pressure	Proof pressure <sup>5</sup>	Burst pressure <sup>5</sup>
LBAS025U...	0...25 Pa / 0...0.25 mbar (0.1 inH <sub>2</sub> O)	2 bar (30 psi)	2 bar (30 psi)
LBAS050U...	0...50 Pa / 0...0.5 mbar (0.2 inH <sub>2</sub> O)		
LBAS100U...	0...100 Pa / 0...1 mbar (0.4 inH <sub>2</sub> O)		
LBAS250U...	0...250 Pa / 0...2.5 mbar (1 inH <sub>2</sub> O)		
LBAS500U...	0...500 Pa / 0...5 mbar (2 inH <sub>2</sub> O)		
LBAS025B...	0...±25 Pa / 0...±0.25 mbar (±0.1 inH <sub>2</sub> O)		
LBAS050B...	0...±50 Pa / 0...±0.5 mbar (±0.2 inH <sub>2</sub> O)		
LBAS100B...	0...±100 Pa / 0...±1 mbar (±0.4 inH <sub>2</sub> O)		
LBAS250B...	0...±250 Pa / 0...±2.5 mbar (±1 inH <sub>2</sub> O)		
LBAS500B...	0...±500 Pa / 0...±5 mbar (±2 inH <sub>2</sub> O)		

### GAS CORRECTION FACTORS<sup>7</sup>

Gas type	Correction factor
Dry air	1.0
Oxygen (O <sub>2</sub> )	1.07
Nitrogen (N <sub>2</sub> )	0.97
Argon (Ar)	0.98
Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> )	0.56

#### Specification notes (cont.):

3. Total accuracy is the combined error from offset and span calibration, linearity, pressure hysteresis and temperature effects.
4. The sensor is calibrated with a common mode pressure of 1 bar absolute. Due to the mass flow based measuring principle, variations in absolute common mode pressure need to be compensated according to the following formula:

$$\Delta P_{\text{eff}} = \Delta P_{\text{sensor}} \times \frac{1 \text{ bar}_a}{P_{\text{abs}}}$$

$\Delta P_{\text{eff}}$  = True differential pressure  
 $\Delta P_{\text{sensor}}$  = Differential pressure as indicated by output voltage  
 $P_{\text{abs}}$  = Current absolute common mode pressure

5. The max. common mode pressure is 2 bar.
6. Figure based on accelerated lifetime test corresponding to 1 year of life.
7. For example with a LBAS500... sensor measuring CO<sub>2</sub> gas, at 4.5 V output the actual pressure will be 500 Pa x 0.56 = 280 Pa.

$$\Delta P_{\text{eff}} = \Delta P_{\text{sensor}} \times \text{gas correction factor}$$

$\Delta P_{\text{eff}}$  = True differential pressure  
 $\Delta P_{\text{sensor}}$  = Differential pressure as indicated by output voltage

# LBA Series

## Low differential pressure sensors

### PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS<sup>4</sup>

#### all 25 Pa, 50 Pa and 100 Pa devices

( $V_S=5.0 V_{DC}$ ,  $T_A=20^\circ C$ ,  $P_{Abs}=1$  bara, calibrated in air, output signal is **non ratiometric** to  $V_S$ )

Characteristics	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Non-linearity		$\pm(1.8\% \text{ of reading} + 0.2\% \text{ FSS})$	$\pm(2.4\% \text{ of reading} + 0.3\% \text{ FSS})$	
Total accuracy <sup>3</sup>	5...55 °C		$\pm(2.25\% \text{ of reading} + 2.25\% \text{ FSS})$	
	0...70 °C		$\pm(4.25\% \text{ of reading} + 2.25\% \text{ FSS})$	
Offset warm-up shift		$\pm 2$	$\pm 5$	mV
Offset long term stability <sup>6</sup>		$\pm 0.3$		%/year
Current consumption (no load)		4	5	mA
Response time ( $t_{63}$ )		1-2		ms
Power-on time			10	

#### Unidirectional devices

Characteristics			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Zero pressure offset			0.46	0.50	0.54	V
Full scale span			3.92	4.00	4.08	
Full scale output				4.50		
Thermal effects	Offset	5...55 °C			$\pm 40$	mV
		0...70 °C			$\pm 80$	
	Span	5...55 °C		$\pm 1.25$	$\pm 2$	%FSS
		0...70 °C		$\pm 1.75$	$\pm 2.75$	

#### Bidirectional devices

Characteristics			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Zero pressure offset			2.47	2.50	2.53	V
Full scale span			3.92	4.00	4.08	
Output	at max. specified pressure			4.50		
	at min. specified pressure			0.50		
Thermal effects	Offset	5...55 °C			$\pm 25$	mV
		0...70 °C			$\pm 50$	
	Span	5...55 °C		$\pm 1.25$	$\pm 2$	%FSS
		0...70 °C		$\pm 1.75$	$\pm 2.75$	

# LBA Series

## Low differential pressure sensors

### PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS<sup>4</sup>

#### all 250 Pa and 500 Pa devices

( $V_S=5.0 V_{DC}$ ,  $T_A=20^\circ C$ ,  $P_{Abs}=1$  bara, calibrated in air, output signal is **non ratiometric** to  $V_S$ )

Characteristics			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Non-linearity				$\pm(1.5\% \text{ of reading} + 0.2\% \text{ FSS})$	$\pm(2\% \text{ of reading} + 0.2\% \text{ FSS})$	
Thermal effects	Offset	5...55 °C			$\pm 25$	mV
		0...70 °C			$\pm 40$	
	Span	5...55 °C		$\pm 1$	$\pm 1.75$	%FSS
		0...70 °C		$\pm 1.5$	$\pm 2.5$	
Total accuracy <sup>3</sup>		5...55 °C			$\pm(1.5\% \text{ of reading} + 1.5\% \text{ FSS})$	
		0...70 °C			$\pm(3.5\% \text{ of reading} + 1.5\% \text{ FSS})$	
Offset warm-up shift				$\pm 1$	$\pm 5$	mV
Offset long term stability <sup>6</sup>				$\pm 0.3$		%/year
Current consumption (no load)				4	5	mA
Response time ( $t_{63}$ )				1-2		ms
Power-on time					10	

#### Unidirectional devices

Characteristics		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Zero pressure offset		0.47	0.50	0.53	V
Full scale span		3.94	4.00	4.06	
Full scale output			4.50		

#### Bidirectional devices

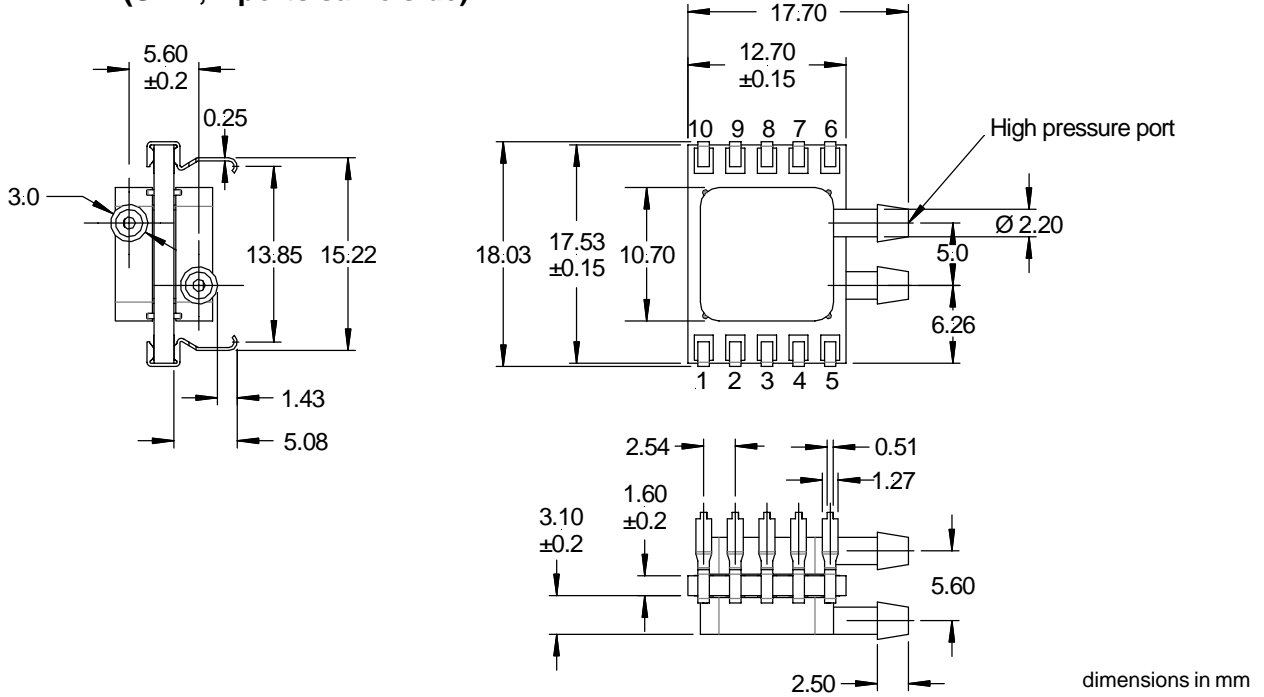
Characteristics		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Zero pressure offset		2.47	2.50	2.53	V
Full scale span		3.94	4.00	4.06	
Output	at max. specified pressure		4.50		
	at min. specified pressure		0.50		

# LBA Series

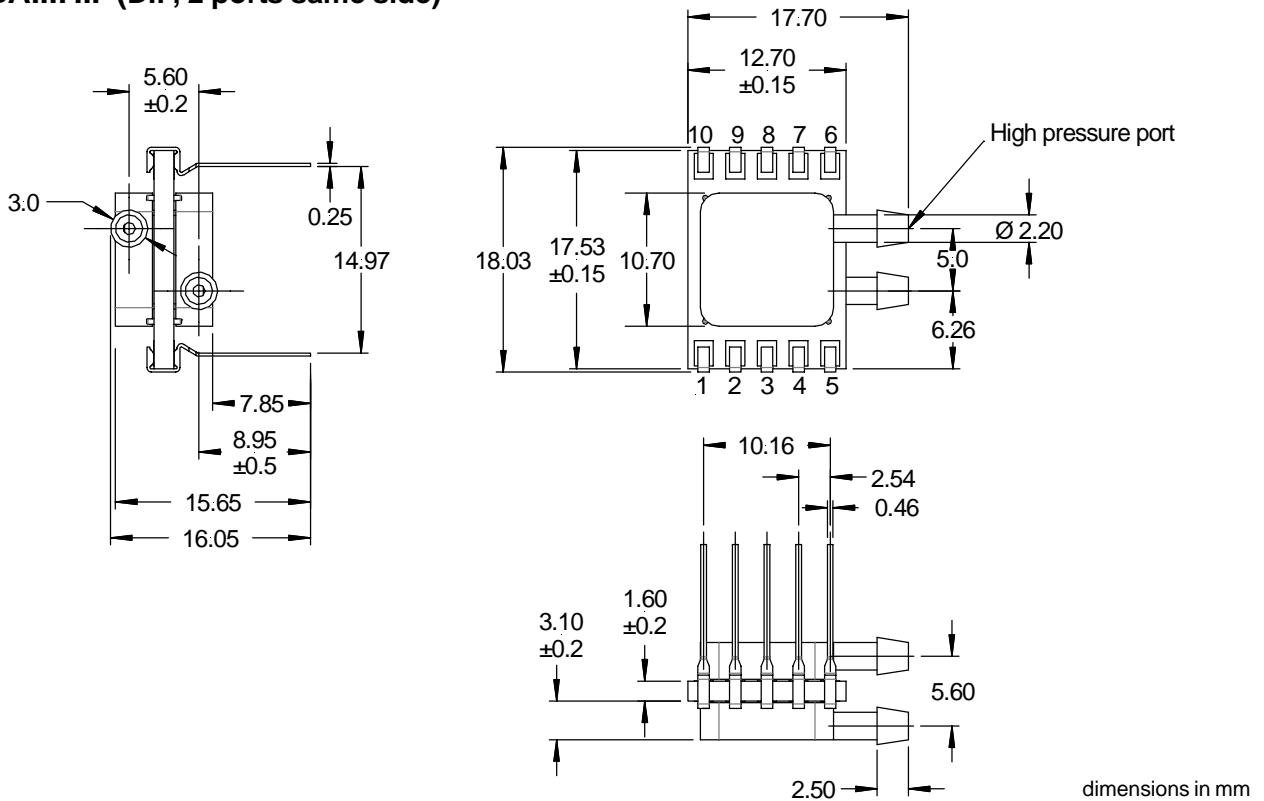
## Low differential pressure sensors

### OUTLINE DRAWING

#### LBA...E... (SMD, 2 ports same side)



#### LBA...F... (DIP, 2 ports same side)



# LBA Series

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### ORDERING INFORMATION

Options	Series	Pressure range		Calibration		Housing		Output		Grade	
	LBA	S025	25 Pa (0.1 inH <sub>2</sub> O)	B	Bidirectional	E	SMT, 2 ports same side	6*	0.5...4.5 non-ratiometric	S	High
		S050	50 Pa (0.2 inH <sub>2</sub> O)	U	Unidirectional	F	DIP, 2 ports same side				
		S100	100 Pa (0.4 inH <sub>2</sub> O)								
		S250	250 Pa (1 inH <sub>2</sub> O)								
		S500	500 Pa (2 inH <sub>2</sub> O)								
								* Ratiometric output versions on request			
<b>Example:</b>	<b>LBA</b>	<b>S250</b>		<b>B</b>		<b>F</b>		<b>6</b>		<b>S</b>	

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